1	TITLE OF THE INVENTION
2	Medal Mounting Device
3	APPLICANT
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5	CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS
6	This is a divisional of patent application number 09/981,405 filed on Oct. 17, 2001.
7	BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION
8	1. Field of the Invention:
9	This invention relates generally to devices for mounting medals on a uniform.
10	2. Prior Art:
11	A military medal is typically comprised of a loop of ribbon, a medallion suspended at a lower
12	end of the ribbon, and an attaching device at the top of the ribbon for attaching to a uniform.
13	Each branch of the military service has specific regulations for the wearing of medals. For
14	example, there are rules that limit number of medals which may be mounted side-by-side on a
15	single row without overlap, the number of medals which may be mounted side-by-side on a
16	single row with overlap, the amount of permissible overlap within a row, the length of the medal
17	from the top of the ribbon to the bottom of the medallion, etc.

- 1 Conventional medals are constructed for being attached to a uniform individually. Therefore,
- they are very difficult to line up properly. If they must be attached onto another uniform, the
- tedious mounting process must be repeated. Further, the attaching devices prevent them from
- 4 overlapping. A highly decorated service member can run out of room on the uniform if the
- 5 medals cannot be overlapped. Service members thus usually pay a medal mounting service or
- 6 tailor shop to remove the original attaching devices, reconnect the ends of the loop ribbons
- which come apart after the attaching devices are removed, and attach the medals on a backing
- 8 with pins, with overlap if necessary. The medals must be remounted every time a new medal is
- 9 added to the same row.

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- 10 U.S. patent 5,782,022 to Tubberville shows a medal mounting device for aligning a plurality of
- medals along a row and attaching them simultaneously to a uniform. It is comprised of an
- elongated bar with a channel on the back, and an elongated strip which snaps into the channel.
- 13 The upper end of a medal ribbon is clamped between the channel and the strip. The ribbon is
- wrapped around the top of the bar and hung down the front. However, the ribbon shown is a
- single ply ribbon, not a loop as in a conventional ribbon. A medallion cannot be hung on a single
- ply ribbon. The mounting bar cannot be used with a conventional loop ribbon, which is not long
- enough to be clamped inside the bar, wrapped around the top of the bar, and hung down the front
- of the bar. A specially made ribbon is required.

### **OBJECTIVES OF THE INVENTION**

- 20 The objectives of the present medal mounting device are:
- 21 to attach a single medal or a row of medals to a uniform;
- 22 to support the row of medals in perfect alignment;
- to support the row of medals in either laterally abutting or overlapping positions;
- 24 to prevent the medals from shifting relative to each other; and
- 25 to easily attach the medals to a uniform.

- Further objectives of the present invention will become apparent from a consideration of the
- 2 drawings and ensuing description.

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# **BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

- 4 A medal mounting device is comprised of an elongated support bar with first and second
- 5 recurved ends. First and second pins are respectively attached to the recurved ends. Spring clips
- are detachably attached to the pins. A first end of a springy, forwardly bowed clamping bar is
- 7 hinged to the first recurved end and positioned behind the support bar. To use, the support bar is
- 8 positioned through the looped ribbons of a plurality of medals. The clamping bar is pressed
- against the back of the ribbons, and its free second end tucked under the second recurved end of
- the support bar to clamp the ribbons in position. In another embodiment, the clamping bar is
- separate from the support bar. In yet another embodiment, the mounting device is comprised of a
- 12 T-shaped pin inserted through the ribbon of a medal.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING

- 14 Fig. 1 is a rear perspective view of the present medal mounting device in an open position.
- Fig. 2 is a top view of the device of Fig. 1.
- 16 Fig. 3 is a rear perspective view of the device of Fig. 1 in a closed position.
- Fig. 4 is a top view of the device of Fig. 3.
- Fig. 5 is a front perspective view of the medal mounting device of Fig. 1 supporting medals in
- 19 laterally abutting positions.
- Fig. 6 is a rear perspective view of the device of Fig. 5.

- Fig. 7 is a rear perspective view of the medal mounting device of Fig. 1 supporting medals in
- 2 overlapping positions.
- 3 Fig. 8 is a rear perspective view of a second embodiment of the medal mounting device.
- 4 Fig. 9 is a rear perspective view of a third embodiment of the medal mounting device.
- 5 Fig. 10 is a rear perspective view of a fourth embodiment of the medal mounting device.
- 6 Fig. 11 is a rear perspective view of a fifth embodiment of the medal mounting device.
- Fig. 12 is a rear view of a sixth embodiment of the medal mounting device.
- 8 Fig. 13 is a rear view of the device of Fig. 12 in a wearing position.
- 9 Fig. 14 is a rear view of a seventh embodiment of the medal mounting device.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

11 Figs. 1-4:

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- 12 A first embodiment of the present medal mounting device is shown in a rear perspective view in
- Fig. 1 and a top view in Fig. 2. It is comprised of an elongated support bar 10 with backwardly
- recurved first and second ends 11 and 12 that wrap around the back of support bar 10. First and
- second pins 13 and 14 are respectively attached to recurved ends 11 and 12 and extend rearward.
- First and second spring clips 15 and 16 are detachably attached to pins 13 and 14. First and
- second pins 13 and 14 are preferably attached by being positioned through recurved ends 11 and
- 12, and prevented from falling out by first and second enlarged heads 17 and 18 at their inner
- ends. Second enlarged head 18 of second pin 14 is secured against an interior surface of second

- recurved end 12 by a forwardly recurved second tab 19 attached to recurved second end 12 and
- 2 pressed against head 18. A first end 20 of a springy, forwardly bowed clamping bar 21 is hinged
- to recurved first end 11 of support bar 10. A free second end 22 of clamping bar 21 is shown
- 4 pivoted upwardly away from support bar 10. First pin 13 is also positioned through a backwardly
- 5 recurved first tab 23 at first recurved end 11 of clamping bar 10 and serves as a pivot for
- 6 clamping bar 21. Enlarged heads 17 and 18 of pins 13 and 14 are covered by clamping bar 21
- and recurved second tab 19 and prevented from snagging on medal ribbons. Alternatively,
- 8 recurved tabs 19 and 23 may be eliminated without allowing pins 13 and 14 to fall out. Pins 13
- 9 and 14 may also be attached to the rear surfaces of recurved ends 11 and 12 in other ways, such
- 10 as by welding.
- Clamping bar 21 is shown in Figs. 3 and 4 pressed against a rear surface of support bar 10, and
- free second end 22 tucked under recurved second end 12 of support bar 10. Since clamping bar
- 21 is forwardly bowed when relaxed, tucking second end 22 under recurved second end 12 of
- support bar 10 presses clamping bar 21 firmly against a back of support bar 10. Detachable
- spring clips 15 and 16 are attached to pins 13 and 14.
- 16 Figs. 5-7:
- 17 A plurality of medals 24-26 are shown supported in a row in laterally abutting positions on the
- medal mounting device to form a medal assembly 27 in Figs. 5 and 6. Support bar 10 is
- 19 positioned through looped ribbons 28-30 of medals 24-26. As shown in Fig. 6, ribbons 28 and 30
- at opposite ends of the row are respectively tucked between recurved end 11 and support bar 10,
- and recurved end 12 and support bar 10. Clamping bar 21 is pressed against the back of ribbons
- 22 28-30, and its second end 22 tucked under second recurved end 12 of support bar 10 to clamp
- 23 ribbons 28-30 in position and prevent them from shifting. Medal assembly 27 may be easily
- 24 attached to a uniform (not shown) by removing spring clips 15 and 16, inserting the pins (not
- shown) through the uniform, and attached spring clips 15 and 16 back onto the pins from the
- inside of the uniform.

- 1 Medals 24-26 and an additional medal 31 are shown in Fig. 7 supported on the medal mounting
- device in overlapping positions, wherein each successive ribbon is tucked inside a previous
- 3 ribbon.
- 4 In the example shown, ribbons 28-30 and 32 are provided without the permanent attaching
- 5 device found on prior art medals, so that they can be attached to the present medal mounting
- device without interfering with clamping bar 21. The ends of ribbons 38-30 and 32 are glued,
- 7 sewed, or otherwise attached together.
- 8 Figs. 8-11:
- 9 In a second embodiment of the medal mounting device shown in Fig. 8, a clamping bar 33 is
- differently hinged to a recurved first end 34 of a support bar 35. A first end 36 of clamping bar
- 33 is positioned in front of recurved first end 34 of support bar 35, and has a backwardly bent
- portion or integral pivot 37 projecting through a hole 38 in recurved first end 34.
- In a third embodiment of the medal mounting device shown in Fig. 9, a forwardly bowed
- clamping bar 39 has a first end 40 integrally attached to a recurved first end 41 of a support bar
- 42. Although there is no pivot per se, support bar 42 and clamping bar 39 are made of a springy
- material, such as a soft enough metal, so that a free second end 43 of clamping bar 39 can be
- moved laterally and tucked under recurved second end 44 of support bar 42. Accordingly,
- clamping bar 39 is still considered as being hinged to support bar 42 since second end 43 of
- clamping bar 39 can be moved laterally. Alternatively, clamping bar 39 may be hinged to
- 20 support bar 42 in other ways.
- In a fourth embodiment of the medal mounting device shown in Fig. 10, a forwardly bowed
- clamping bar 45 is completely separate from a support bar 46. A third pin 47 projects from a
- back of clamping bar 45 for attaching it to a uniform.

- In a fifth embodiment of the medal mounting device shown in Fig. 11, the clamping bar is
- omitted, and pins 59 are fixedly attached to non-recurved opposite ends of a support bar 60, such
- as by welding or cementing. Support bar 60 is preferably sized for supporting for a single medal.
- 4 Figs. 12-14:
- In a sixth embodiment of the mounting device for mounting a single medal 48 shown in Fig. 12,
- 6 the mounting device is comprised of a T-shaped pin 49 inserted through a ribbon 50 of medal 48.
- Pin 49 is comprised of a single wire 51 bent to form a "T" shape with horizontal arms 52 and 53,
- wherein the opposite ends of wire 51 terminate in dual vertical legs 54 and 55. Upper corners 56
- and 57 at a top end of ribbon 50 are folded inwardly as shown in Fig. 12, and legs 54 and 55 are
- inserted through folded corners 56 and 57 from the inside of ribbon 50 and out the opposite side.
- A lower end 59 of ribbon 50 is inserted through a suspension ring 60 that supports medal 48 and
- attached to a back side of ribbon 50 to form a small loop 61. To install, ribbon 50 is folded to
- position pin 49 on its back as shown in Fig. 13, and legs 54 and 55 are inserted in a uniform (not
- 14 shown).
- In a seventh embodiment of the mounting device for mounting a single medal shown in Fig. 14,
- a ribbon 58 is comprised of a loop with a tapered lower end 62 for supporting the suspension
- 17 ring of a medal. The opposite ends of the loop are glued or sewn together without any metal
- fastener, so that it can be used with the present medal mounting device. T-shaped pin 49 is
- inserted through a back portion of ribbon 58 from inside the loop, so that pin 49 is hidden from
- view when worn.

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### SUMMARY AND SCOPE

- 22 Although the foregoing description is specific, it should not be considered as a limitation on the
- 23 scope of the invention, but only as an example of the preferred embodiment. Many variations are

- possible within the teachings of the invention. For example, different attachment methods,
- 2 fasteners, materials, dimensions, etc. can be used unless specifically indicated otherwise. The
- 3 relative positions of the elements can vary, and the shapes of the elements can vary. The
- 4 mounting device may be made of any suitable material, such as steel, plastic, etc. Any of the
- 5 embodiments may be provided with more pins than shown. Therefore, the scope of the invention
- should be determined by the appended claims and their legal equivalents, not by the examples
- 7 given.